

# Environmental Product Declarations

An overview of EPDs, the GCCA tool and the publication process

**Webinar**  
**18<sup>th</sup> April 2023**

## Speakers

**Dr Andrew Minson**, Concrete and Sustainable Construction Director,  
GCCA

**Nicolas Antoniou**, Sustainable Design and Construction Manager,  
GCCA

**Sebastiaan F. Stiller**, CEO, EPD International AB

# Agenda

- Introduction to EPDs
- GCCA EPD tool and demonstration
- How to publish an EPD on EPD International
- The main drivers for product specific EPDs
- Q & A

# Introduction to EPDs



# Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)

An EPD is an independently verified report on the environmental impact of a product throughout its life cycle.

The impact of the product is calculated via a Lifecycle Assessment (LCA), which conforms to the requirements of the relevant Product Category Rules (PCR).

An official EPD typically consists of:

- The public EPD document summarising the environmental impact of the product
- The private Background Report used by verifiers and program operators to verify the results



Environmental Impact Data

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The numbers in the tables were generated from the weighted average of the environmental indicators, taking into account the ready mixed concrete production in each of the factories as mentioned in the Assumption Chapter.

Core Environmental Impact Indicators												
Indicators	Unit	AAAS	AA	AS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS
EPD-1a	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1b	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1c	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1d	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1e	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1f	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1g	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1h	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1i	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1j	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1k	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1l	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1m	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1n	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1o	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1p	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1q	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1r	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1s	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1t	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1u	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1v	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1w	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1x	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1y	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
EPD-1z	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

EPD-1a (Global Warming Potential) = GWP-1a (Global Warming Potential fossil fuels) + GWP-1a (Global Warming Potential biogenic) + GWP-1a (Global Warming Potential land use and land use change) + GWP-1a (Global Warming Potential of the atmospheric ozone layer) + AP (Acidification Potential, Accumulated Extended) + EP-1a (Eutrophication Potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater and compartment) + EP-1a (Eutrophication Potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine and compartment) + EP-1a (Eutrophication Potential, Accumulated Extended) + POP (Photochemical Potential of the atmospheric ozone) + ADPE (Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources) + ADPP (Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources potential) + WDP (Water (scarcity) depletion potential, depletion-weighted water consumption)

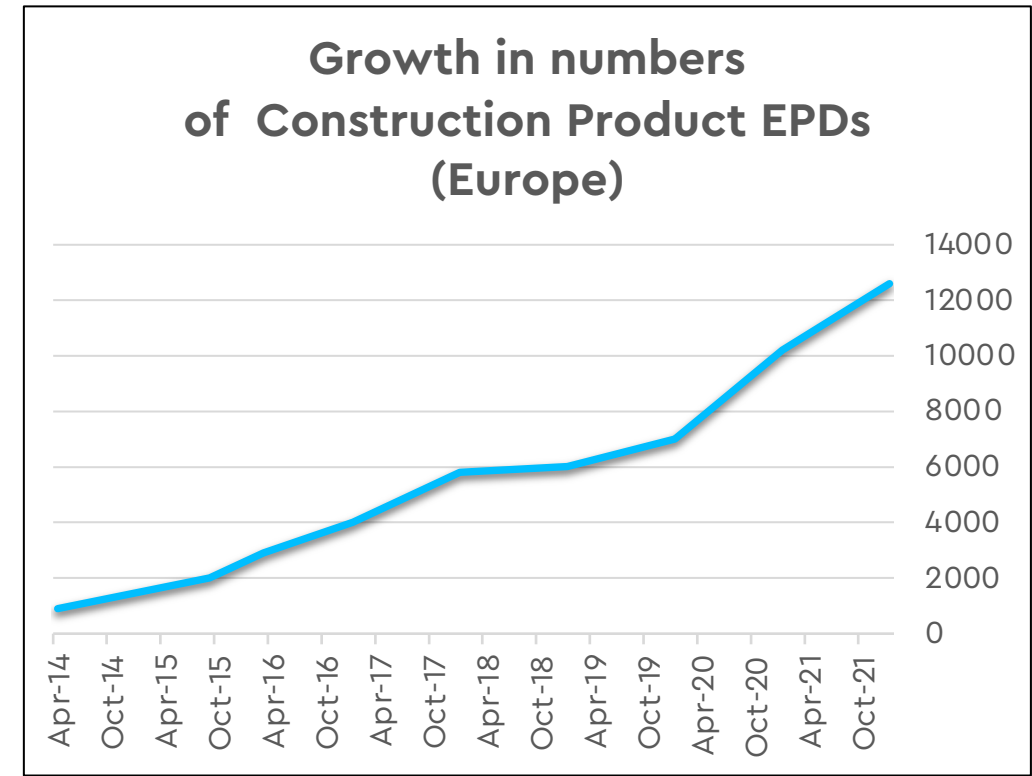
Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory												
Indicators	Unit	AAAS	AA	AS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS
EPD-2a	kgCO <sub>2</sub> e	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

The GWP-1a indicator is not calculated by GCR AEP Tool. The GWP-1a indicator can be calculated by the GWP-1a indicator.

# Why are EPDs important?

- Fundamental to low carbon procurement and increasingly requested in public and private procurement (e.g. [IDDI](#))
- Support the embodied carbon challenge by making the environmental impact of products visible
- Increasingly requested by clients who want manufacturers to provide them with sustainable products
- Used by designers to develop lower carbon solutions
- Used in whole-life whole-project carbon analysis
- Help manufacturers:
  - Measure and reduce their environmental impact and benchmark their performance
  - Demonstrate openly and objectively their commitment to environmental impact transparency



# **GCCA EPD tool**

# GCCA EPD tool

- Web-based calculation tool for EPDs of **clinker, cement, concrete, and precast elements**
- Available in two versions: International and North American

## Objectives

- Facilitate the cement and concrete sector's ongoing efforts to reduce its environmental impact
- Ensure consistency and comparability within the sector, thereby reinforcing reliability and credibility
- Allow GCCA members and non-members to easily produce EPDs
- Minimise the time, effort and cost required to prepare EPDs
- Solution recognised by EPD programme operators

# GCCA EPD tool: Outputs

The two major outputs of the GCCA EPD tool are:

## 1. Self-declaration (not a validated official EPD)

Contains the main general/background information and the environmental performance (LCA results) of the specific product for all indicators.

## 2. Background report

Excel file with the complete set of input data and results of the specific product required to produce an EPD and allow a third-party verification.



### Environmental Data Sheet | Self-declaration

Self-declaration based on Environdec c-PCR-003 Concrete and concrete elements (EN 16757)  
C30/35 mlx 1

#### Core environmental impact indicators

		A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-tot	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2.69E2 *	1.05E1	1.65E1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.99E0	8.96E0	0E0	1.32E1	0E0
GWP-GHG	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2.72E2	1.05E1	1.66E1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.99E0	8.96E0	0E0	1.32E1	0E0
GWP-fos	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	2.72E2	1.05E1	1.66E1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.99E0	8.95E0	0E0	1.32E1	0E0
GWP-bio	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	8.08E-2	4.26E-3	6.7E-3	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6E-3	6.56E-3	0E0	8.71E-3	0E0
GWP-luc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.	4.06E-2	3.68E-3	4.65E-3	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.13E-3	5.34E-3	0E0	7.08E-3	0E0
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	8.45E-6	2.08E-6	1.75E-6	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.62E-6	1.54E-6	0E0	4.3E-6	0E0
AP	mol H+ eq.	9.14E-1	3.47E-2	1.05E-1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.42E-2	4.18E-2	0E0	1.26E-1	0E0
EP-fw	kg P eq.	2.97E-2	8.1E-4	2.08E-3	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.02E-4	1.23E-3	0E0	1.54E-3	0E0
EP-mar	kg N eq.	2.01E-3	7.06E-5	6.98E-4	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.34E-5	9.06E-5	0E0	1.46E-4	0E0
EP-ter	mol N eq.	2.24E0	7.7E-2	3.84E-1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.44E-1	1.17E-1	0E0	4.52E-1	0E0
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	5.6E-1	3.13E-2	1.05E-1	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.22E-1	3.85E-2	0E0	1.33E-1	0E0
ADPE	kg Sb eq.	1.22E-4	2.03E-5	1.06E-5	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.66E-6	1.62E-5	0E0	1.44E-5	0E0
ADPF	MJ, net calorific value	1.07E3	1.72E2	1.65E2	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3E2	1.37E2	0E0	3.67E2	0E0
WDP	m³ world eq. deprived	1.53E2	1.27E0	3.01E0	0E0	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.67E-1	1.19E0	0E0	1.77E1	0E0






\* The Indicated value (gross value) includes the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the Incineration of waste. The net value (excluding the emissions from the Incineration of fossil waste) is 2.41E2 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-eq. It should be noted that this applies to GWP indicators only and is ignored for other indicators where gross is applied by default.

Core environmental impact indicators

**GWP-tot** (Global Warming Potential total) • **GWP-GHG** (Global Warming Potential total - Greenhouse Gas) • **GWP-fos** (Global Warming Potential fossil fuels) • **GWP-bio** (Global Warming Potential biogenic) • **GWP-luc** (Global Warming Potential land use and land use change) • **ODP** (Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer) • **AP** (Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance) • **EP-fw** (Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment) • **EP-mar** (Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment) • **EP-ter** (Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance) • **POCP** (Formation potential of tropospheric ozone) • **ADPE** (Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources) • **ADPF** (Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources potential) • **WDP** (Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption)

# GCCA EPD tool: LCA modules covered

- Clinker and cement: "**cradle-to-gate**" (A1-A3)
- Concrete and precast products: "**cradle-to-grave**" (A1-D)

				
Product Stage	Construction	Use Stage	End of Life	Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
A1 Raw Material Supply A2 Transport A3 Manufacturing	A4 Transport A5 Construction Process	B1 Use B2 Maintenance B3 Repair B4 Refurbishment B5 Replacement B6 Operational energy use B7 Operational Water use	C1 Deconstruction C2 Transport C3 Waste Processing C4 Disposal	D Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling

## Notes:

- Because cement is a constituent of concrete products, the PCR limits the scope of LCA to A1 to A3
- The current North American PCR is limited to A1 to A3 for both cement and concrete

# GCCA EPD tool: Features

Generation of EPDs  
of clinker, cement,  
concrete and  
precast elements

Detailed  
documentation  
covering LCA model  
and underlying data

Inventory data  
drawn from  
EcoInvent (v3.5)  
database and  
industry

User friendly



Digital EPD export  
(ILCD+EPD format)

Considers  
recarbonation for  
concrete and  
precast products

Independently  
verified

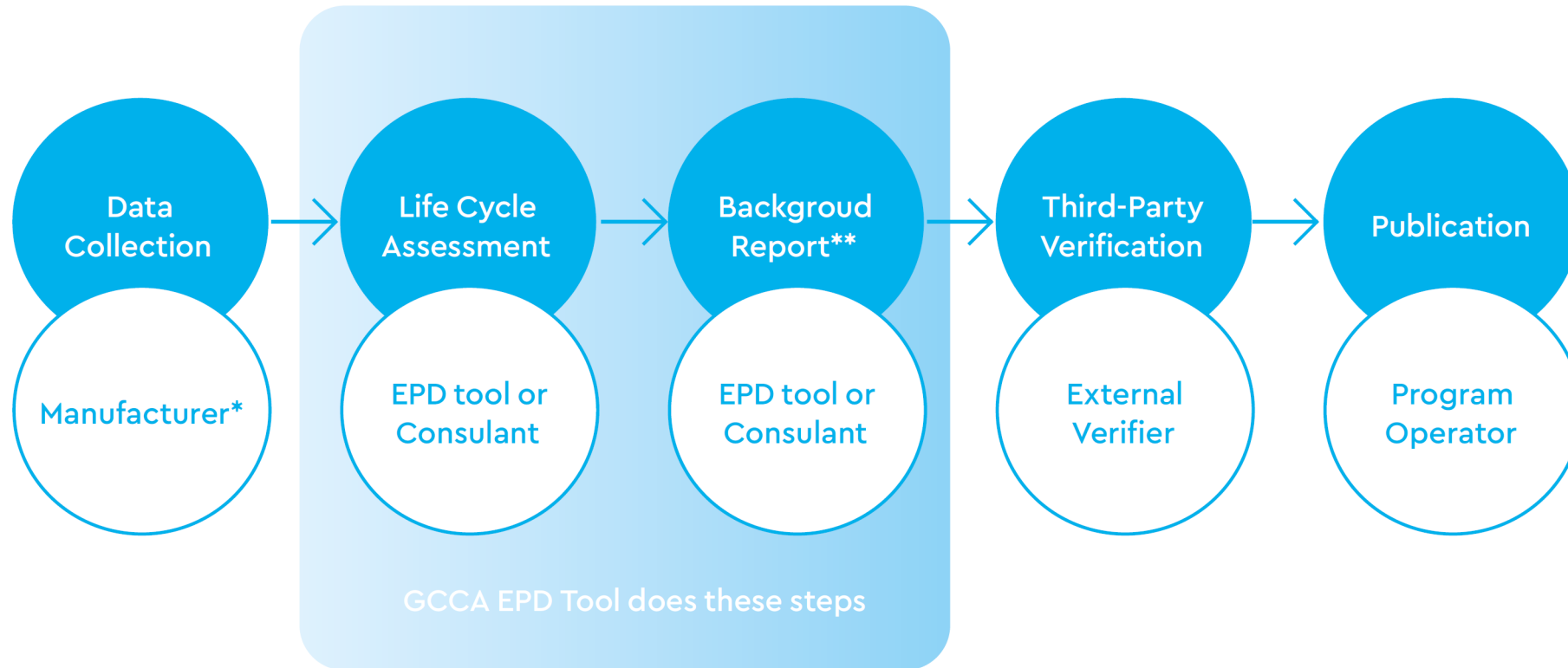
Alignment with EPD  
International's GPI  
4.0

# GCCA EPD tool: Standards

Version	EPD standard	PCRs	LCA standard	Independent verification standard	Independent Verifier
International	ISO 21930	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PCR 2019:14 - Construction Products (EN 15804+A2 v1.2)</li> <li>• PCR-001 - Cement and building lime(EN 16908)</li> <li>• PCR-003 - Concrete and concrete elements (EN 16757)</li> </ul>	ISO 14040 ISO 14044	ISO 14025	 <p>STUDIO FIESCHI &amp; SOCI sostenibilità su misura</p>
North American		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PCR for Portland, Blended, Masonry, Mortar, and Plastic (Stucco) Cements (NSF International)</li> <li>• PCR for Concrete (NSF International)</li> <li>• PCR for Precast Concrete (NSF International)</li> </ul>			 <p>Athena Sustainable Materials Institute</p>



# Traditional EPD process



\* The manufacturer manages all stages and liaises with many points of contacts

\*\* The background report contains confidential information and is only used by the external verifier

# Why GCCA EPD tool?

## 50%

The pre-verified GCCA EPD tool reduces the verification cost of each EPD by as much as 50%.

## Free

The GCCA tool is free for GCCA members

The GCCA EPD tool is a cost effective and efficient means for companies to meet the growing demand for EPDs. The benefits of the tool are:

- Includes the GCCA GNR database - key data collected according to the CO<sub>2</sub> and Energy Accounting and Reporting Standard for the Cement Industry
- The pre-verification of the tool reduces the time and cost of verification of each EPD by as much as 50% and ensures that the generated EPDs are robust for product comparison and development
- Primary data collection/input is through a user-friendly web-based platform
- Does not require LCA expertise
- Can be used in material research and benchmarking

# Version 4.0 – May 2023

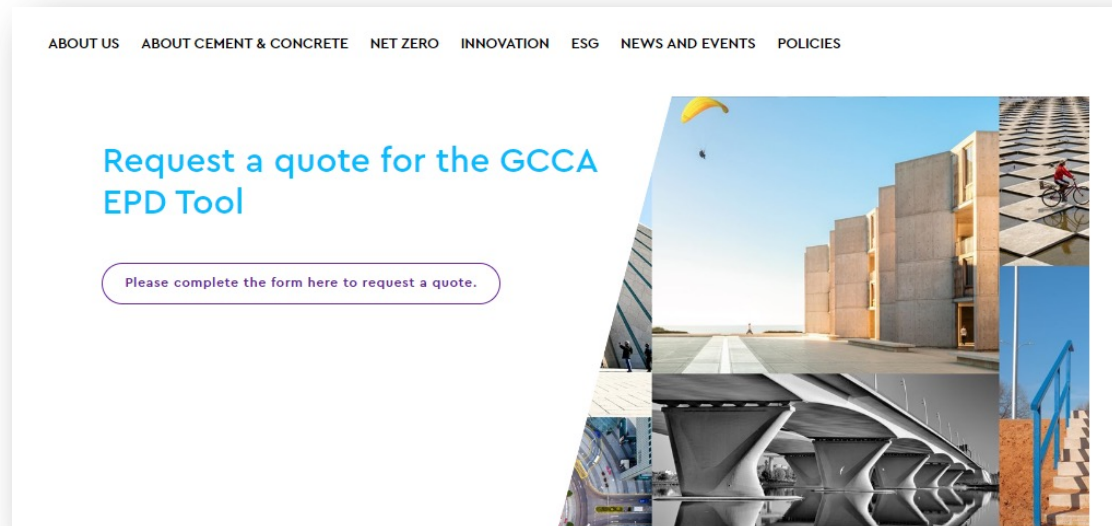
## Additional Features

- Application Program Interface (API)
- EPDs for aggregates
- Import third party EPDs and associate them to a specific category
- Share EPDs within your organisation
- Project control and management by company administrator
- Project share among company users
- Update of North-American version to better integrate Canada

# How to get a Licence

- The EPD tool is available to GCCA-members for free
- Non-GCCA members can purchase an annual license
- To find out more or get access to the tool visit our website:

<https://gccassociation.org/sustainability-innovation/environmental-product-declarations/>



# **Introduction on how to use the GCCA EPD tool**

# **Main drivers for product specific EPDs**



# GCCA Environmental Product Declarations Online Webinar

April 18, 2023  
12:30 hrs London/ 13:30 hrs CEST







## Sebastiaan Stiller

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**EPD International AB**  
www.environdec.com



## The International EPD System

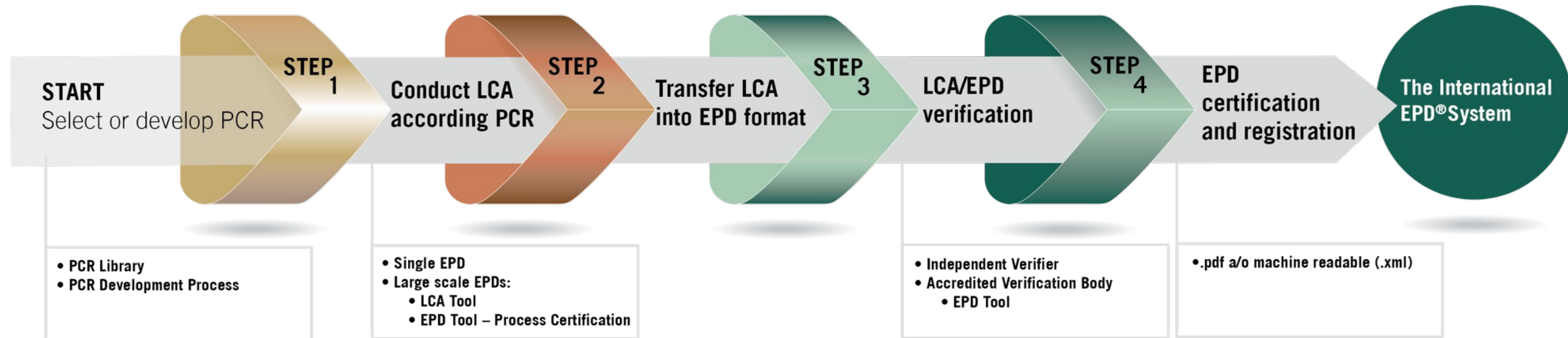
- Worldwide first EPD programme founded Sweden in 1997; jointly owned by Swedish Environmental Protection Agency & Industry
- In 2014, EPD programme ownership transferred to EPD International AB, a fully-owned subsidiary to the NPO IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute (IVL)
  - *We want to make quality EPD services as credible, accessible and affordable as possible.*
  - *Any organization, no matter its size, location and industry has the right to publish EPDs in an as sensible, simple and affordable way*
- EPD Intl. offers registration and publication services for Environmental Product Declarations (EPD) acc. ISO 14025 & EN 15804/ ISO 21930 for construction products








## EPD development process

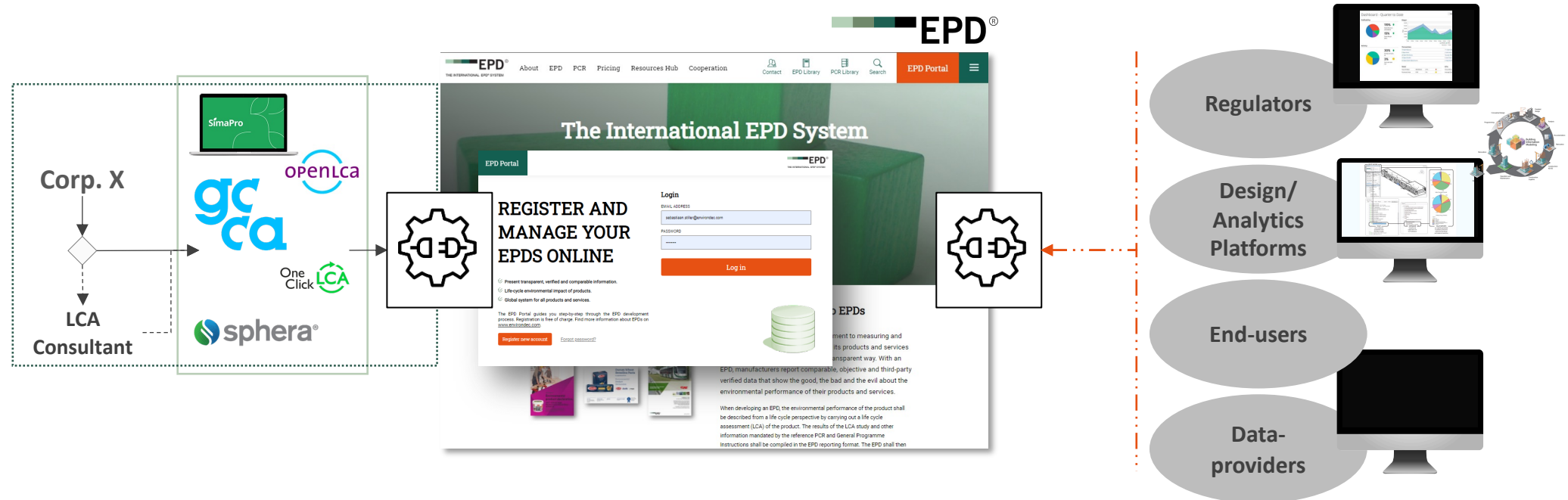


# Automation, Digitisation and Digitalisation

Hyper transparency in over-drive for handling of large amounts of data, eventually for benchmarking purposes!

- Single LCA
- Pre-verified EPD Tools
- Fully automated EPD Tools

- ILCD + EPD (EUROPE) 
- OPEN EPD FORMAT (USA)
- PDT – EPD IN BIM (ISO 22057)





For support, please contact:  
**[support@environdec.com](mailto:support@environdec.com)**

# Pricing Plan 2021/23 (valid as per 01/01/2021)

EPD International AB

Pricing plan consists of two fees.

## ONE-OFF EPD Registration Fee

### • Registration Fees for EPDs (2021/2)

1. Registration fees per EPD according the accumulated number of EPDs per account per annum.
2. No additional fee will be charged for ECO EPDs (construction products) and listing at ECO Platform.

## RECURRING Annual Fee

### • Annual Fee charged for the organisation (not on EPD level)

- Micro 500 Euros
- SME 1000 Euros
- MNE 2500 Euros
- Industry ass. 1000 Euros

- EPDs have a validity of 5 years; during this validity period we charge an annual fee from the organisation that owns the EPDs
- EPD updates (incl. editorial changes and major revisions) are included
- Annual fees can be cancelled anytime with right for refund

See: <https://www.environdec.com/pricing/pricing2022> for latest pricing and plans

## Registration fee

For the registration fee, we accumulate the number of EPDs per customer account during one calendar year. So that you can benefit from attractive reductions when registering and publishing your EPDs via our EPD programme during one calendar year (January-December).

The following registration fees are valid per EPD.

### Registration Fees (per registered EPD)

EPD no. 1:	1000 EUR
EPD no. 2, 3, 4:	500 EUR
EPD no. 5 - 99:	100 EUR
EPD no. 100 and more:	50 EUR

With the first EPD registration of an organisation, the registration fee will be invoiced together with the annual fee. If an organisation seek to publish 5 EPDs, the registration cost for the EPDs would be as follows: 1000 EUR (1st EPD) + 500 EUR (2nd EPD) + 500 EUR (3rd EPD) + 500 EUR (4th EPD) + 100 EUR (5th EPD) = 2600 EUR.

## Annual fee

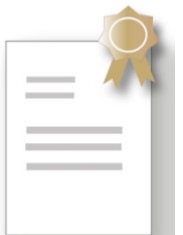
The annual fee is a recurring fee to be paid *per organisation*, i.e. *customer account*, while its EPDs remains published and registered. As that, the annual fee is independent of the number of EPDs registered by the organisation.

Updates of registered EPDs during their validity (e.g. editorial updates) or after they have expired are included in the annual fee.

### Annual Fees (by org. size)

Micro (1-10 employees):	500 EUR
SME (11-250 empl.):	1000 EUR
MNE (>250 empl.):	2500 EUR
Industry associations:	1000 EUR

With the first EPD registration of an organisation, a share of the annual fee of the present calendar year will be invoiced together with the registration fee: registration in Q1: 100%, Q2: 75%, Q3: 50%, Q4: 25%. Annual fees after the first, partial calendar year are then normally invoiced at the beginning of the year.



## REASONS FOR AN EPD

### External drivers

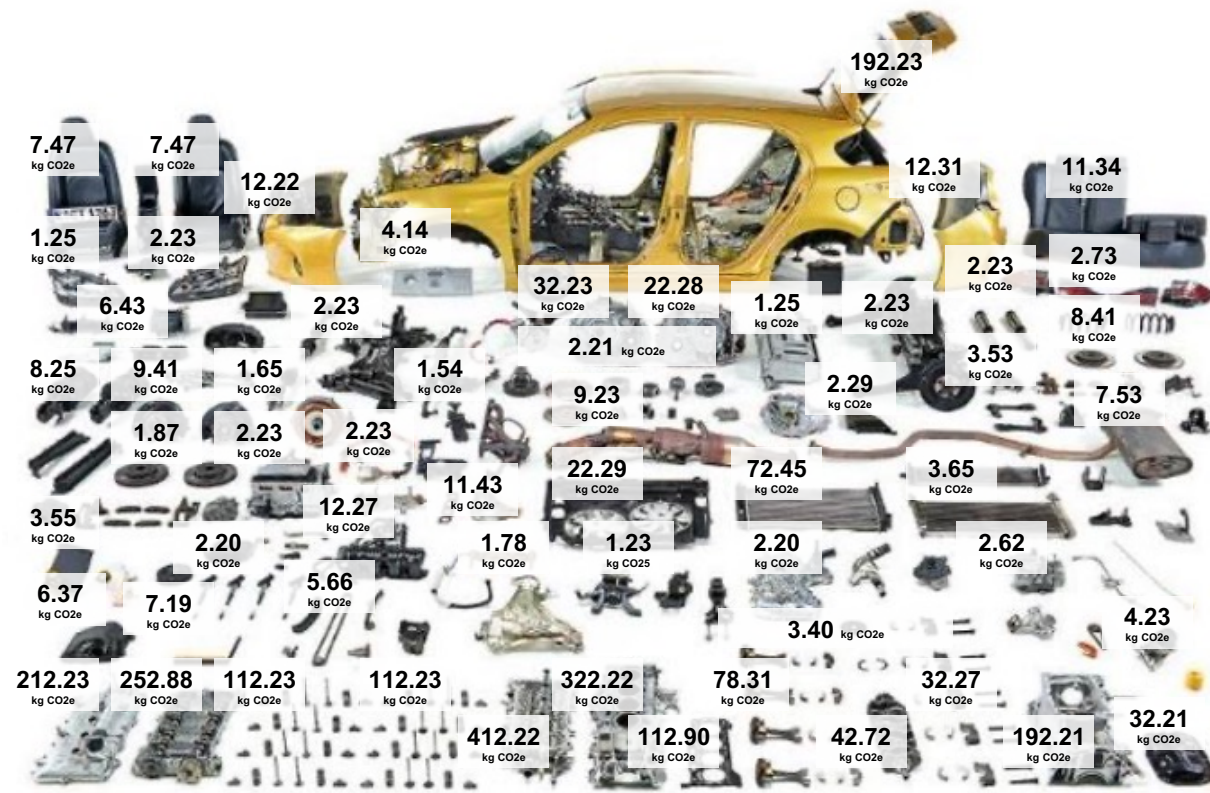
- **Benchmarking**
- **(Future) Legal Compliance**
- **Compliance with BREEAM and LEED certification schemes**
- Competitive Edge in Green (Public) Procurement Tenders
- Use of Building Information Management (BIM) technology

### Internal drivers

- Corporate Sustainability Goals
- Marketing
- Green Product and Process Innovation (LCA, eco-design)
- Environmental Management Systems (EMS)
- Sustainable Supply Chain Management (SSCM)
- Value chain collaboration for process improvement

## Because you want it!

**For comparison and decision making when e.g., buying your next car (spare parts)**



>|<

Option 1 ...

Option 2 .....

**XXXXXX, xx**

XXXXXX, xx

**EUR**

kg/CO2 eqv.



## Market Regulation & Legal Compliance

- **SOCIETY** is acting on climate change and the topic is likely to gain relevance!
- Global environmental/sustainability problems can never be solved without an **active business sector**
- **BUSINESS** increasingly commits to various sustainability objectives and frameworks:

### Embodied Carbon Demand Drivers



Including GHG/ EC in the Infrastructure -- Real Estate Standard



Embodied Emissions Methodology to be published shortly.



Sector Decarbonization approach for Real Estate Portfolios

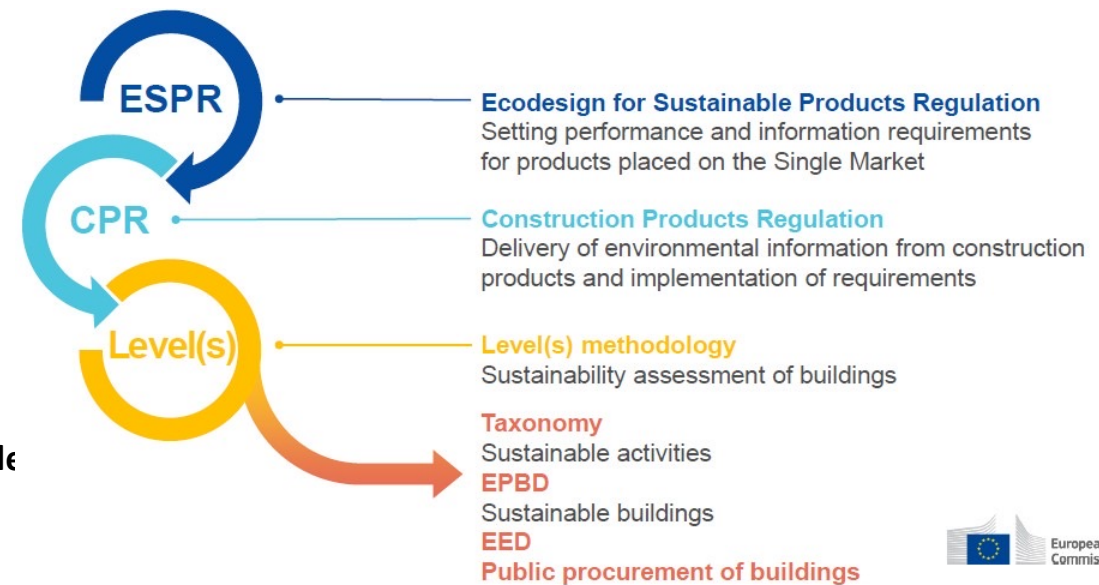
- **BUSINESS** needs to know ... to transparently communicate the impact of their products (with comparable, objective and third-party verified data)
- The **PRIVATE** sector is defining the level playing field by developing standards in the field of **environmental management, conformity assessment** and **climate mitigation**
- The **PUBLIC** sector is defining the level playing field for a **green economy** to ascertain **fair market competition** and **avoid green washing**





## EC Regulatory Framework

- EU Regulation
- Integration of sustainability in many different regulations
- CPR to provide necessary data from construction products
- for national regulation and for different regulations on other levels

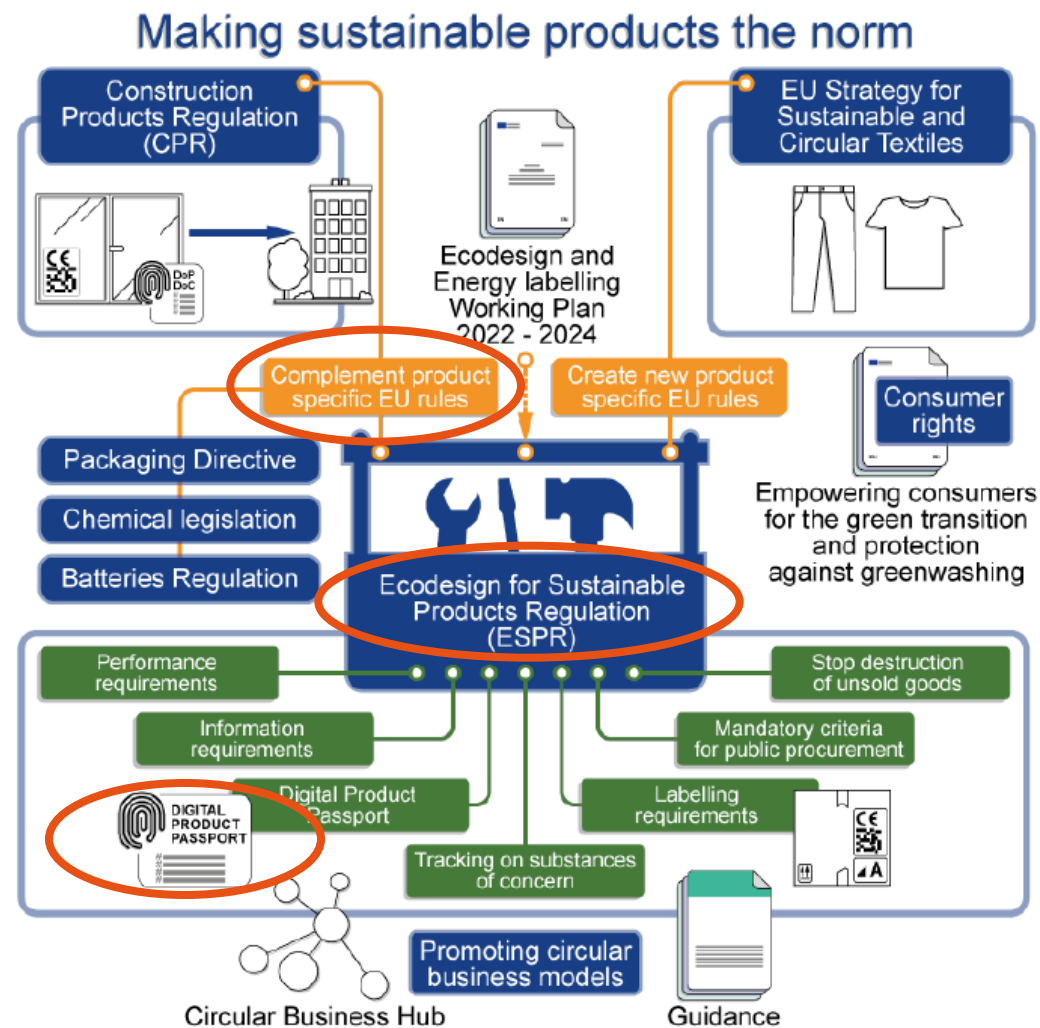


## EXAMPLE: EU ESPR & CPR

### !!! PROPOSAL !!!!

- March 2022, EU's Spring Package was presented as part of the **EU Green Deal** to provide the necessary rules and tools to address environmental challenges
- **ECO DESIGN for SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTS REGULATION (ESPR)** is REGULATORY umbrella framework in case no specific legislation exists to address environmental sustainability
- **CONSTRUCTION PRODUCT REGULATION (CPR)** is EU complementary regulation to implement ESPR in construction products
  - Provides a list of rules and requirements that shall be met in order to sell products in the EU market
  - The product is assessed/verified against its conformity with the rules in order to obtain a CE marking
- The **DIGITAL Product Passport** is a tool containing the DoP, DoC and instructions for use, and e.g. links Digital Building Logbooks

ESPR is proposed umbrella, but other product legislation can regulate sustainability of products instead (like CPR)



## Construction Product Regulation (CPR) revision as part of ESPR

!!! PROPOSAL !!!!

- CPR contains rules on sustainability indicators
  - *Core* and *Additional* indicators
- Reporting of core Indicator “**Climate Change Effects**” proposed to be obligatory in DoP (Declaration of Performance)
- Reporting obligation of other core and additional indicators depends on decision of the EU Members States
- **EPDs report these core indicator already today!**
- **I.e. you are compliant with CPR when publish(ing) EPDs for construction products**

### Core indicators

- **Climate change – total / fossil /biogenic / land use and land use change**
- Ozone Depletion
- Acidification
- Eutrophication aquatic freshwater
- Eutrophication aquatic marine
- Eutrophication terrestrial
- Photochemical ozone creation
- Depletion of abiotic resources – mineral and metals
- Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuel
- Water use

### Product Declaration of performance

			Climate change total	Climate change fossil	Climate change biogenic	Climate land use and land use change	Ozone Depletion	Acidification	...
			[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	[kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq.]	[kg CFC11 eq.]	[mol H <sup>+</sup> eq.]	
Product stage	Raw material supply	A1	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration	Mandatory declaration if required by the regulatory framework of the Member State market in which the product is placed
	Transport	A2							
	Manufacturing	A3							
Construction process stage	Transport	A4							
	Construction – installation process	A5							
Use stage	Use	B1							
	Maintenance	B2							
	Repair	B3							
	Replacement	B4							
	Refurbishment	B5							
	Operational energy use	B6							
	Operational water use	B7							
End of life stage	Deconstruction demolition	C1							
	Transport	C2							
	Waste processing	C3							
		Disposal	C4						
		Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary	D						

## National compliance example - EU Levels(s) -

### Decarbonising the construction sector in the Nordics

#### Sweden



Mandatory:

**2022**

CFP limits:

**2027**

Method:

**Boverket**

#### Denmark



Mandatory:

**2023**

CFP limits:

**2023**

Method:

**Baeredygtighedsklassen**

#### Finland



Mandatory:

**2025**

CFP limits:

**2025**

Method:

**YM – Ministry of Env.**

#### Norway



Mandatory:

**2018 for public constr.**

CFP limits:

**2018**

Method:

**NS 3720**

#### Iceland



Mandatory:

-

CFP limits:

-

Method:

-



**Boverket**

From 2022, all new buildings require a LCA on building level «**KLIMATDEKLARATION**». Boverket's database contains CO<sub>2</sub>-values for 171 generic construction materials and resources:

- Generic datasets are conservative values and have a 25% higher than typical value
- EPDs are specific data that are frequently lower than the generic datasets
  - bonus malus system
- For CPs used with specific data, you must report the EPD that was used



The screenshot shows the Boverket website with the title "KLIMATDEKLARATION - en handbok från Boverket". It includes a search bar and several navigation links: "Om klimatdeklaration", "Vilka byggnader?", "Klimatdeklarera så här", "Klimatdatabas", and "Klimatdeklarationsregister". The "Klimatdeklarera så här" link is highlighted. Below the navigation bar, there is a section titled "Underlag till beräkning av klimatpåverkan" with a link to "Lyssna".

## USA - Buy Clean California Act -

The **Buy Clean California Act (BCCA)** ([Public Contract Code Sections 3500-3505](#)), states the Department of General Services (DGS), in consultation with the California Air Resources Board (CARB), is required to establish and publish the maximum acceptable Global Warming Potential (GWP) limit for four eligible materials. The BCCA targets carbon emissions associated with the production of **structural steel** (hot-rolled sections, hollow structural sections, and plate), **concrete reinforcing steel**, **flat glass**, and **mineral wool board insulation**.

When used in public works projects, these eligible materials must have a GWP that does not exceed the limit set by DGS.

### NEWS

- Maximum acceptable GWP limits were established on January 1, 2022 and can be found in the GWP Limits (table below).
- Beginning July 1, 2022, the awarding authorities will determine GWP limit compliance of eligible materials using Environmental Products Declarations (EPDs).
- **BCA is rolled out on Federal and National levels and to include more materials/products**

**250 Mio US Dollars to establish EPD in US market**

Table 1: GWP limits for eligible materials

Eligible material	Maximum acceptable GWP limit (unfabricated)*
Hot-rolled structural steel sections	1.01 MT CO <sub>2</sub> eq./MT
Hollow structural sections	1.71 MT CO <sub>2</sub> eq./MT
Steel plate	1.49 MT CO <sub>2</sub> eq./MT
Concrete reinforcing steel	0.89 MT CO <sub>2</sub> eq./MT
Flat glass	1.43 MT CO <sub>2</sub> eq./MT
Light-density mineral wool board insulation	3.33 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./1 m <sup>2</sup>
Heavy-density mineral wool board insulation	8.16 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./1 m <sup>2</sup>

**Q & A**

**Thank you for joining us!**